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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/696,746	10/29/2003	Dan Coppus	RANPP0346USA	6320	
23908	7590 06/28/2005		EXAMINER		
	TTO BOISSELLE & S	HARMON, CHRISTOPHER R			
1621 EUCLII NINETEENT			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CLEVELAN	O, OH 44115	3721			

DATE MAILED: 06/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A 41 A1				
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Cu		10/696,746	COPPUS ET AL.			
Office Action Sur	ninary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Christopher R. Harmon	3721			
The MAILING DATE of the Period for Reply	his communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing of the period for reply specified above is left. NO period for reply is specified above, Failure to reply within the set or extended.	COMMUNICATION.  er the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 late of this communication.  ess than thirty (30) days, a reply the maximum statutory period w I period for reply will, by statute, In three months after the mailing	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) dill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro	imely filed  ays will be considered timely.  m the mailing date of this communication.  IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication	cation(s) filed on 26 Ma	ay 200 <u>5</u> .				
2a) This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
	•	ce except for formal matters, p x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,				
Disposition of Claims						
4)	18-28 is/are withdraw owed. is/are rejected. jected to.		·			
Application Papers		•	·			
9)☐ The specification is object	ted to by the Examiner					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _	))☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing shee 11) The oath or declaration is	· ·	on is required if the drawing(s) is on aminer. Note the attached Office		•		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ol> <li>Copies of the certi application from the</li> </ol>	None of: the priority documents the priority documents fied copies of the priori e International Bureau	have been received. have been received in Applicate ty documents have been received.	tion Noved in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)			·			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-89)		4) Interview Summa		4		
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Draw     Information Disclosure Statement(s)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail I  5) Notice of Informal  6) Other:	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)	•		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of Group I, claims 1-17, in the reply filed on 5/26/05 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Due to the amendment of 5/26/05 claims 29-34 are also included in Group I. Claims 18-28 are not included in Group I and further define a separate invention (II).

Inventions I and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed i.e. the supply does not include a continuous ply or rectangular pages. The subcombination has separate utility such as supply directly to a packaging for use as dunnage.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Claims 18-28 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR
 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on 5/26/05.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 10-14, 16, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Simmons, Jr. (US 5,387,173).

Simmons, Jr. discloses a conversion system comprising a dunnage converter 54 with upright and transverse members 36 and fan folded stock material; see figure 1.

Simmons, Jr. provides for palletizing boxes of fan folded stock material for conversion (see column 5, lines 18-22). Given the dimensions of the boxes 20 "palletizing" the stock material includes multiple boxes stacked horizontally and vertically and a system with two or more stacks of fan folded stock material are provided with a portable support device; i.e. a pallet.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1-5, 8-16, and 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Ratzel (US 5,823,936).

Ratzel discloses a dunnage converter with a supply of stock material as taught by Simmons, Jr. in US 5,387,173; see above and column 5, lines 21-23. Ratzel discloses the use of a cart for positioning the stock supply; see column 7, lines 22-26. It is not clear as to the specific teaching of Ratzel of supplying the fan stock supply to the converter, however given the disclosure of palletizing multiple stacks (in boxes 20) of fan stock material for use in the dunnage converter the loading of the converter would incorporate positioning the stacks proximate the converter for conversion. At least it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to position two or more stacks proximate the converter before feeding them to the converter sequentially in order to convert a needed amount of dunnage.

6. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Simmons, Jr. (US 5,387,173).

Simmons, Jr. does not directly disclose the transverse member of the support as moveable to height above the stacks. Given that the transverse member of Simmons, Jr. may interfere with the varying heights of stacks being fed to the converter, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide for adjustable heights of the transverse member since it has been held that the provision of adjustability, where needed, involves only routine skill in the art. In re Stevens, 101 USPQ 284 (CCPA 1954).

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7. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ratzel as applied to claims 1-5, 8-16, and 29-32 above and further in view of Harding (US 6,756,096).

Ratzel does not directly disclose loading on the support device without interrupting the dunnage converter however Harding teaches splicing fan folded leading end to the trailing end during a conversion process so as to prevent downtime; see figure 3. At least two stacks are simultaneously conveyed to the converter of the multiplied stacks of stock material after the splicing operation. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to load the stock material as taught by Harding in the invention to Ratzel for providing for a continuous converting process. Note: the limitation of sequential loading without interruption (claim 6) could be interpreted as broadly as an operator placing another stack upon the support.

8. Claims 33-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ratzel as applied to claims 1-5, 8-16, and 29-32 above, and further in view of Simmons, Jr. et al. (US 6,095,454).

The cart of Ratzel is not fully disclosed however Simmons, Jr. et al. teaches a dunnage conversion system with a cart for supporting multiple supplies of stock material comprising upright members 92 with an inward channel which would support the stacks of stock material. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the

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time the invention was made to include the cart of Simmons, Jr. in the invention to Ratzel for supplying multiple stacks of stock material for the conversion process.

### Conclusion

- 9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher R. Harmon whose telephone number is (571) 272-4461. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9-6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rinaldi Rada can be reached on (571) 272-4467. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JOHN SIPOS

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